THOMAS MORE INSTITUTE

THE PHILOSOPHY OF THE MIDDLE AGES

- 1 Introduction: bibliography, etc. Method to be used. Brief conspectus of Medieval History. O'CONNOR
- 2,3,4,5 The Medieval Heritage in Philosophy: Plato, Aristotle, neo-Platonists (including pseudo-Dionysius), Augustine.
 PAUSON
- 6 The Institutions of the Middle Ages I: The Christian Church.
 O'CONNOR
- 7 The Institutions of the Middle Ages II: The Religious Orders: Canons Regular; Benedictinism from its inception to the Thirteenth century. # 2 hour lecture# O'CONNOR
- 8 Islam: Foundation, precepts and expansion. SMITH
- 9 The Arabs' part in the transmission of Greek learning to medieval Christendom. O'CONNOR
- 10,11 Avicenna and Averroes.

PAUSON

12 - Maimonides and Ibn Gabirol.

O'CONNOR

13 - Erigena, Anselm and the School of Chartres.

O'CONNOR

14 - Abelard and the controversy on universals.

PAUSON

- 15 The Institutions of the Middle Ages III: Economic and Political factors: Feudalism, Towns and Commerce; the Guild System.

 O'CONNOR
- 16 The Institutions of the Middle Ages IV: The Mendicant Orders.
 O'CONNOR
- > 17 The Institutions of the Middle Ages V: The Universities.
 # 2 hour lecture# O'CONNOR
- 18 The Franciscan School: St. Bonaventure.

WOJCIECHOWSKI

- 19 Science and Philosophy in the thirteenth century: Albert the Great and Roger Bacon. O'CONNOR
- 20,21,22 St. Thomas Aquinas: life, writings, etc. The Thomistic Synthesis. REGIS
- 23, 24 Assessment of Medieval Philosophy (with special reference to the post-Thomists, Scotus, Ockham and the Nominalists)

There will be 24 sessions.

Unless otherwise stated all lectures are of one hour and a half duration.