VI 🤇 Religion

The Question of God

Quewtion of God is question of ultimates -- takes many forms -- purest arises out of the very structure of conscious intentionality inquiry into inquiry reglection on reflection deliberati n about deliberation

Inquiry ito inquiry why should answers that satisy intelligigence yield more than a subjective satisfaction we unify ad relate construct serialize classify generalize we live in a world mediated by meaning but how can their be a congruence betwwen our understanding and reality must there not be an intelligent ground for an intelligible universe the question of God as the question of real intelligibility

reflection on reflection we reflect which the evidence judge weighing the evidence - grasping virtually unconditioned conditioned with its coditions fulfilled -- what contingent things are but the prior thrust what we have to be content with is to the formally unconditioned - to what has no conditions at all the question of God as the question about an absolute

deliberating about deliberation the whole process from the nebulae- cosmogenesis evolution history is it the amoral scence scene backgrop for human morality or is the work of a moral agent, a self-transcendent first cause the question of God as the moral ground, the ground of the goodness of things, of the world, of human living

the question of God is not any matter of image feeling concept judgement -- they all pertain to enswers

the question about God is questioning turning back on itself asking how the world can be intelligible asking about the sphere of transcendent being that contingent being needs

asking a wherether asking whether things are worthwhile is worthwhile

because the question of God is located in the originating powers of conscious momentum intentionality

it is a question that can be manifested in very many ways in the many varieties of human culture and in the many stages of man's historicla development

such differences are secondary

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they easily introduce secondary a elements that overlay obscure distort the pure question that questions about questioning

but the obscurity and distobtion presuppose what they obscure and distort

it follows that however much religious and irrelatigious answers differ, however much there differ the questions that actually are raised, still at their root is the siggle transcendental tendency of the human spirit, that questions, that questions without restriction, that asks about the possibility of an intelligible world, about the ground reality of facticity, about the worthwhileness of deliberating, and so about God

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The question of God, then, lies within man's horizon Hnless man is reaching forth for the intelligible, the unconditioned, the worthwhile, his transcendental and self-transcending subjectivity is mutilated

But the reach of his intending (not of his achieving) is unrestricted There lies within man's herizon a region for the divine - a shrine for ultimate holiness

It cannot be ignored - the atheist may pronounce it empty the agrostic may urge he sees nothing there -- but their negations suppose the spark in our glod -- our native orientation towards the divine

Object

- a etymological: antikeimenon objectum object oggetto objet Gegenstand
- b Kant logical positivism atomism empiricism
- c solution via subject faith will(sch Nietz) phenomenology existentialism personalism
- d objectivity as self-transcending subjectivity (fact, values)

Can a person be an object

- c person known as person only through Mitvollzug mutual intersubjectivity in act
- d "we" can be objectified just as #" I" -- subject as object

Can God be an object

abc No

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- d can se transcend ourselves to God -- God ultimate term of all concern
- d' in prayer this self-transcending moves towards purity no images

God and verification

not an object of science - essentially this-worldly - hypothesis and verifino principle heading beyond this world verifiable

validity of our own minds first principle that cannot be questioned with presupposing mind's validity

the mind (self-justifying) contains exigences going beyond this world

God of philosophers and of religion

- a depends on philosophers -- rationalist deductivist per se subject
- b God as intelligent unconditioned good (if a 1 three then supposes response of existential subject, vertical liberty

Religious Values

Already something on vital social cultural personal values Now religious values

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Response to question of God not only a statement about his existence and nature but also a response to his goodness the adoption of a Weltanschauung

It is response to the originating value that is God and the terminating value that is the created universe

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Elsewhere about God's nature and existence (Insight 20) - God as apprehended in cognitive self-transcence Religious values - a real self-transcendence

Oroiginal feature of this real self-transcendence is that existential subject thereby is constituting himself not just to the human good -- to his fellow men, their needs development but to God as originating value and the world as terminal value

so the human good is saken up within an all-mmencompassing good before the only originating values were men -- now God as originating value before terminal values were just human achievements -- now whole universe before account of human good related men to fellow men and to nature now human concern reachew beyond man's world to God and God's world men now meet not only to be together and to settle human affairs but alos to worship men develop not only in skills and virtues but also in holiness

the limit of human expectatin ceases to be the grave

to conveive God as originating value and the universe as terminal value implies that God too is self-transcending and that the world is the fruit of his self-transcendence a work of his love the expression of his benevolence the realization of his beneficence

God created all things for his glory -- the maniestation of his excellence but he seeks his glory not for his sake but for ours II-II 132 1 lm he has made us in his image, for our authenticity consists in being like him, in self-transcendence, in being origins of true values, in km true love

already occasion to distinguish acts of lote and being in love being in love, once it has been brought about, becomes a first principle as love of neighbor it units one with him or her in a common achie ement of the human good -- it is the Mit of Mitsein as love of God it refers back and around and forward back to the first lover -- Deus est caritas around to all men -- for all men are made in the image of God

and it is through and with and in them that God's glory is achieved forward to promote progress and to offset decline not just for the sake of achievement not just for the good of men

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but at the deepest le el for the good of men because that is the glory of God

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لی اوران روان دولی ایند (عود) ایند. این است. و این این این این این ایند (استواد م€د Religious values -- the values that arise in and from real self-transcendence in response to God

but self-transcence in response to God is an ultimate in s-transc all loving is self-surrender

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but love of God is love of being beyond criticism --- there is on his part no ground for qualifications conditions reserves --- and so love of God is a unique total loving --- that actuates the unrestricted character of human conscious intentionality

so it is basic fulfilment as fulfilment it is joy -- joy that remains despite failure huil priv pain as fulfilment it is peace -- peace the world cannot give -- peace into which one enters, almost palpably, when one prays to Father in secret

such love j y peace transform a man banish the emptiness unrest alignation from flight from one's depths that haunt lives lived without God

full love joy peace enhance all one's virtues press against all one's defects - they make a man a power for good-zealous in achieving Relating man to God, they also relate him to all mankind and to the whole cosmic and historical process

on all persons and things, on all events and deeds, they shed a new dimension of meaning significance value

religing then and progress arebound together they have a common root in man's intent cognitive and real self-trasneend to promote either is to promote the other indirectly again, religon places human efforts in a friendly universe reveals an ultimate significance in human achievment strengthens new undersakings with confidence above all religion can undertake thesupreme task of undoing decline

decline disrupts a culture with conflicting ideologies inflicts on individuals and groups the social economic psychological pressues that for human frailty amount to determinisms

multiplies and heaps up the abuses and absurdities that breed resentme hatred anger violence

notpropaganda or arguentn but religious faithe that will liberate human reachableness from its ideological prisons

not promises of men but religious hope that enable men to resist the vast pressures of social decay

if passions are to quieten down, if wrongs are to be not ignored not just palliated but removed -- human possessiveness and humanpride have to be replaced by self-sacrificing love

men have to come to acknowledge their individual and group sinfulness - to accept the their real guilt, to amend their ways -- to learn with humility that the task of repentance and conve sion is life long

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Religious Expression

1. Religion as expression of ultimate concern:

- (a) Primary Manifestation
 - (1) Religion conceived as simply ultimate concern, as authentic human existence with regard to God and God's world,

The primary and ordinary <u>manifestation or expression</u> of ultimate concern is

not any technically formulated question about God not any transcendental analysis of ultimate concern not any ontology of the good or philosophic proof of God's existence

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but the endless variety of the religions of mankind

- (2) These religions are more than ultimate concern. In the measure they are authentic they express, reveal, communicate ultimate concern. But by going beyond ultimate concern to its expression they risk inauthenticity.
- (b) <u>Risks of religious expression</u>:
 - (1) <u>The more primitive</u> the religion, the less its expression is differentiated from the rest of its ambient culture and so the less it is capable of functioning independently and resisting socio-cultural decline.
 - (2) <u>When religion develops</u> into a separate entity within a culture, it can function with some independence and initiative of its own.

This will not <u>guarantee authenticity</u> and it brings added risks of religion <u>resisting cultural advance</u>, on pretert of maintaining its authenticity or, on the other hand, seeking integration within a culture and mistakenly joining with the forces of decline.

2. Development of religious expression:

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- (a) Global or Undifferentiated Religious Expression
 - (1) Early religious expression is global

Ultimate and proximate concern, the sacred and the profane are not distinguished, separated, specialized. Each panetrates the other. What we would term profane is sacralized and vice versa.

- (2) All activity expresses some concern, but the concern that is expressed is at once ultimate and proximate. Thus the religious expression is <u>not specifically and exclusively</u> <u>religious</u> but included globally with other bypes of expression
- (3) Even after differentiation has gradually been established, individuals and groups aan slip back into forms of expres-

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ions and patterns of expressions in which religion as lived, felt, revealed, once more is global.

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(b) <u>Differentiation of religious expression</u>:

Religious expression becomes specifically religious by development, i.e., by differentiation; specialisation; integration.

- (1) <u>Differentiation</u> sets the objects of ultimate concern apart from other objects. The one concern of human authenticity (the concern to attend, to understand, to judge truly, to choose responsibly) remains one and the same. <u>But it expresses itself differently within</u> respect to different objects.
- (2) <u>Specialized activities</u> with a religious significance are developed. A <u>division of labor</u> in the performance of the activities emerges.
- (3) <u>Integration</u> So religous expression becomes a distinct part of the cultural statement on the meaning and value of human life, while the propagation and development of that expression are entrusted to a <u>social institution</u>.

(c) Why religious expression is specifically different:

(1) <u>Questioning experience - questioning questioning</u>:

Because it manifests ultimate concern, religious expression differs from all other expressions.

They refer to this world, to the set of objects of possible, immediate, human experience. Its reference is other-worldly.

For the object of ultimate concern is to be known, not by questioning experience, but by questioning questioning itself.

- (2) This does NOT imply that the object of ultimate concern is "totally other." On the contrary,
 - it is ground of intelligibility, truth, being, value in the whole universe. And these are ordered to both ultimate and proximate concern.
 - it is ground to whom alone one can surrender himself totally and thereby achieve the love, joy, and peace of authentic fulfillment.
 - it has the character of response. Man's self-transcendence answering divine self-transcendence, a finite being-in-love answering divine love.

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3. Total and partial specific religious expression:

However profound and powerful, however intimate and personal, that response to God must be expressed, or else it will be incomplete, unfinished, broken off. But in the specific religious expression we must distinguish whole and part to avoid certain confusions and pitfalls connected with secularization theology (c.f. R. Richard, SECULARIZATION THEOLOGY, N.Y., 1967; Celin Williams, FAITH IN A SECULAR AGE, N.Y., 1966)

(a) Total specific religious expression:

(1) <u>Imitation of divine love</u>: The total expression of one's response to God imitates divine love. Just as that love expresses itself by creating the universe and by loving and providing for rational creatures, so too one's loving response to God finds its expression and outlet in loving God's creation.

Affectively it is a love that extends to all that God has done, is or will do

Effectively it turns to the persons that here and now can be comforted and helped, and to the present tasks of promoting the human good and offsetting decline.

(2) <u>Religious in source, secular in its term</u>:

Source: Total expression is religious in its source, for this is loving God with one's whole soul and all one's mind and all one's strength.

<u>Term</u>: But its term is the whole of creation; it is not confined to what is specifically religious, ecclesiastical, theological. It reaches out to the whole of this world and, in that sense, it may be called secular.

Yet is is not confined to this life, for its measure is <u>all</u> that God brings about.

(b) Partial specific religious expression:

If total religious expression is in a sense secular, still it is not secularist. It does <u>not exclude</u> religion as church or theology. It includes them as parts within a larger whole, and it limits them to their functions within that whole.

(1) <u>Source of Differentiation - Integration</u>:

For one does not just act. He pauses and reflects on the meaning and value of his acting; he creiticizes it and seeks to improve it. Nor is this reflective pause an unworthy deviation from the primary business of acting. It is the source of all development, which proceeds from initial, global, undifferentiated operations through differentiation and specialization to new and more effective integration.

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(2) Application to religious expression:

What happens in all other components of human living, also happens in the most basic of them all.

- One reflects on his love of God: whom is he loving, is it really love, how could it be strengthened and refined, in what ways it could be communicated and shared. He realizes his love is a gift, yet to be cultivated by human effort; he holds that neighbor is to be loved in every way, still the greatest benefit he could confer is to share with him his love of God.
- So we may conclude: to the cultivation of the inner life by prayer and mortification to mutual support of communal worship
 - to specialized function fulfilled by various members in the social institution named Church.
- Yet we must also stress that such specific religious activities are ONLY A FUNCTIONAL PART of the total expression of one's love of God.

(c) Total and partial religious expression are variables:

Neither are immutable constants.

- (1) <u>Total expression</u>: as effective, is always love of one's neighbor; but the human good progresses and declines, and so the good to be done and decline to be undone vary with place and time.
- (2) <u>Specific expression</u>: also fixed in some aspects and variable in others.

The higher achievements of the inner life tend to transcend image and symbol, concept and system. and so somewhat independent of historical change.

<u>Manners of speech</u>, modes of emotional communication, cultural and social forms are historical variables; as they change, specific religious expression has to keep step, neither resisting progress nor siding with decline.

(3) Possibility of inauthenticity: This is a high and delicate task. Specific religious experience can promote development of ultimate concern or be a carrier of decline. To admit specific expression is to admit cultural activities and social functions in which inattention, incomprehension, unreasonableness, and irresponsibility can find their way.

> As these distort other forms of progress, so also religious development. Salt løoses its savor. The religious man neglects the beam in his bun



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eye to fumble with the mote in his brother's.

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- (d) <u>Conclusions</u>:
 - (1) <u>Agreement with secularization theology</u> insofar as specifically religious expression is only a functional part and not the whole manifestation of one's love of God.

-insofar as specific expression can be anticipated and can be a carrier of decline.

(2) Disagreement with Secularists:

- Christianity should not outgrow specifically religious statements, activities, functions.
- -It has to place love and the human good ahead of religion, the Church, theology. It has to update its structures, functions, activities, statements. It has ever to watch and pray lest it fall into temptation and, when it fails, it has to repent and make amends.
- -But there is no evidence that it has to exclude specific religious expression and thereby revert to primitivism. In fact, not even the advocates of secular Christianity have given up thechnical writing and contented themselves with global religious expression.

4. Corollary: Christian Atheism:

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(a) This is another facet of 20th Century confusion.

- (1) <u>Christian</u> in as much as it <u>experiences ultimate concern</u> and gives it at least its primary and essential expression.
 - (2) <u>Atheist</u> because on most up-to-date philosophies there is no way of coming to know about God.
 - (3) <u>Christian and Atheist</u> because it ddeems it absurd to surrender ultimate concern merely because its philosophic abilities or interests are not equal to the task of coming to know about God or believe in Him.

(b) Stability of this position doubtful

- (1) not merely begause the philosophic issues can be resolved
- (2) but also, when God is not acknowledged, ultimate concern ceases to be other-worldly, ceases to be ultimate. Then, .

either no total self-transcendence and life trivialized and man alienated from himself

or total dedication to worldly cause; fanaticism; spread of havoe through man's folly and passion

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Faith is the knowledge born of religious love

1. Knowlddge born of love:

Pascal spoke of this knowledge, remarking that the heart has reasons which reason does not know. I understand by this

(a) <u>Reason</u>:

Compound of the first three levels of intentional conscious \neq ness. E U R

- (b) <u>Heart's Reeaons</u>: feelings that are intentional responses to values. Two aspects:
 - (1) absolute aspect: feeling as a recognition of value.
 - (2) <u>relative</u> <u>aspect</u>: feelings express preference of some values over others.
- (c) Heart :

The subject of the fourth, existential level of intentional consciousness and in the dynamic state of being-in-love.

2. Being-in-love:totally = religious love:

(a) <u>Other-worddly</u>:

One may be totally in love without conditions, reserves, or qualifications. This is other-worldly, for only idolatry would bestow it on anyone or anything of this world.

(b) Total love as a state:

- (1) reached by exercise of vertical liberty.
- (2) once reached, is distinct from, prior to, and <u>principle</u> of subsequent judgments of value and acts of loving.
- (3) is the fulfillment of man's capacity for selftranscendence and, as fulfillment, it brings deepset joy and profound peace.
- (4) radiates through the whole of one's living and acting, opening one's horizon to the full, purifying one's intentional responses to values, rectifying one's saale of preferences, underpinning one's judgments of value, simplifying issues by moving them to a deeper level, strengthening one to achieve good in the face of evil.

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(c) Total love as religious:

St. Paul's "love of God poured forth in our hearts by Spirit"

Tillich's man grasped by ultmmate concern (Brown, <u>Ultimate</u> <u>Coneern</u>, <u>Tillich in Dialogue</u>, NY, 1965)

- (d) This can be experienced in many ways:
 - (1) the quiet under-tow of one's living that rezeals itself only in a deep but obscure conviction that one cannot get out of trying to be holy.
 - (2) can be nurtured by a life devoted to prayer and self-denial and can transitorily redirect consciousness away from the world mediated by meaning.
 - (3) however personal and intimate, it is not solitary. It can be given to many, and the many can recognize in one another a common orientation in their living and feeling, in their criteria and goals. From a common communion with God there springs a religious community.
- 3. Community of faith invites varying expressions:
 - (a) Expressions may be:
 - (1) <u>imperative</u>, commanding love of God above all and love of one's naighbor.
 - (2) <u>narrative</u>, story of the community's origins and development.
 - (3) <u>ascetic and mystical</u>: way towards total other/worldly love.
 - (4) <u>theoretical</u>: teaching the wisdom, goodness and love of God, his intentiosn and purposes.
 - (b) <u>Variations</u>:

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Any given community may have a compound of two, three or four; the compound may synthesize them or take one as the basic and use it to interpret and manifest the others.

The particular compound of a particular community may remain unchanged for ages, or periodically develop andadapt to new social and cultural situations.

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4. Community of faith as historical and doctrinal:

(a) <u>Historical</u>:

Communities endure, new members replace old, expression becomes traditional. Thus religion becomes historical -

- (1) in general sense that it exists over time.
- (2) <u>deeper sense</u> in that total loving of ultimate concern has character of a <u>response</u>, an answer to a divine initiative that may not only be the act of creation but also a personal entry into human history and a communication of God to his people. Such was religion of Israel and Christianity.

(b) As response faith takes on new dimension:

- (1) It remains:
 - the power of tosal loving to reveal and uphold all that is good.
 - the bond that unites the religious community in mutual recognition, that directs common judgments of value, that purifys beliefs.
- (2) It becomes recognition of God's own love:

A harkening to the Word of Emmanuel, God with us.

The <u>history</u> of its origins and developments becomes <u>doctrine as well as narrative</u>. Faith is also belief. As the subject grasped by ultimate concern can discern others similarly grasped, so too it can discern <u>God's</u> <u>expression of his total love</u>.

5. Recognition and propagation of faith-as-response.

Faith has been described as the eye of other-worldly love and the recognition of God's own love.

(a) Personal recognition:

Such recognition is on the level of personal encounter. <u>Cor</u> ad <u>cor loquitur</u>. God's word comes to us not immediateby but only through the religious community.

But the community, as fellowship of love at the service of mankind, is the sign raised up among the nations, and its members π speaking from the heart will speak effectively to those whose hearts the Spirit fills.

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(b) Faith subsists and is propagated on a level quite beyond philosophy or history or human science. The latter are the work of Pascal's reason (E U R). But faith is the eye of an other-worldly love and that love itself is God's own gift. It is on the level of feelings, values, beliefs, actions, personal encounters, of community existence, action and tradition.

6. Continuity of faith-as-response and intentional consciousness:

However, to say that faith subsists and is progagated on a level beyond experience, understanding, and judgment in no way implies that faith is without experience, understanding, or judgment.

(a) Unity of consciousenss:

The higher levels of man's intentional consciousness do not suppress but presuppose and complement the lower. Without experience nothing to understand, without understanding nothing to judge, without judgment nothing to love, value, achieve.

On positive side, the many operations come together and cumulatively regard a single identical object so that what is $ex \neq$ perienced is to be understood, what is understood is to be affirmed, what is affirmed is to be evaluated.

(b) God as object:

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Above unity of consciousenss not destroyed by faith, there is a continuity.

Clarifications are in order inasmuch as this continuity has been disregared or denied.

- (1) God is not an object:
 - -among objects acknowledged by positivists, empiricists
 - of natural or of human science
 - in the naive realist sense in which an object is "out there" and a subject is "in here".
- (2) He is an object:

for intentional and real self-transcendence, inasmuch as people think of him, affirm his existence and attributes, fear, worship, love him, speak of him and praise him.

For an object is simply the referred content of selftranscending intentionality and the above acts are of such intentionality and refer to God.

(3) Possibility of God being an object within our horizon rests on the fact that our conscious intending is unrestricted; we can ask about anything whatever; to place God beyond that basic horizon in a denial of his existence and goodness presupposes the openness to Him of the horizon.

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(c) God as subject: a unique relationship:

Besides intending subject and intended object, also the intersubjective relation between two or more intending subjects. So "I" and "Thou" constitute a "We" to make "Our" plans, work, development. This relationship is not subject-to-object but <u>subject-to-subject</u>.

There is sumething similar in total and other-worldly being-in-love. For it puts the existential subject in a personal relationship to God.

- (1) This is not a relationship to God as object for it is prior to all objectification whether in judgments of value or beliefs or decisions or words or deeds.
- (2) It is not similar to human intersubjectivity for that is between persons with a common horizon, but this being-in-love determines the horizon of total selftranscendence in the divine lover whose love makes those he loves in love with him and so with one another.

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Beyond human intersubjectivity, then, there is a <u>subject-to-</u> <u>subject</u> relationship that is unique and that differs from human intersubjectivity much more than it resembles it.

(d) God as the subject-as-object:

When I think of myself, speak of myself, then/I think and speak of is a referred content, an object. Still that content is the subject or subjects. It is the subject-as-object or subjects-as-object.

In like manner, when total loving thinks of God, affirms him, worships him, speaks of him, God is a referred content, an object. Still for total loving that object is the unique Subject the Subject-as-object.

- When the <u>question of God</u> is raised and discussed, and perhaps answered, God is a referred content, an object. <u>As not presupposing total loving</u>, such discussion only regards God as an object.
- (2) These two cases involve manifest differences in the human subjects, for different levels of operation are involved, and the subject is more himself the higher the level on which he is operating.
- (3) Differences in operation and level imply God as differently apprehended. But these different appre/ hendions are not of different Gods.

On the contrary, that conclusion follows only when the two apprehensions, so far from being compatible, complementary, and mutually enriching, are so incompatible, and contradictory that there is no hope of their being brought together by a process of mutual clarification and correction.

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(e) <u>Conclusions</u>:

I have attempted to make clear the <u>utterly singular aspects</u> of religious faith. But at the same time, I argue against those that would so exploit the singularity of faith as to <u>exclude all continuity</u> in religious development and to separate believers so much from other men as to force them into a cultural ghetto.

These reflections are confined to the deeper and so more general aspects of faith. The theologian, not methodologist, is to dtermine just what believers are to believe.

To the performance of that task the present analysis may provide a preliminary basis and even its very generality may have the utility of indicating the possibility of a completely sincere and honestly ecumenical approach.

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Self-transcendence: Its Possibility

Dreams of night and dreams of morning Sensitivity (construct) Intelligence:/correlate unify exprapolate serialize generalize Judgement

Deliberate, evaluate, decide (moralself-transcend nce)

Self-transcendence: the achievement

when one falls in love

distinguish : particular acts of loving ; the state of being in love state has its antecedents causes conditions occasions but once it occurs and as long as it lasts, it is a first princize

it takes over; from it flow one's derires and fears one's hopes one's joys and sorrows, one's discernment of values, decisions & deeds

of differnt kinds

love of intimacy, husband and wife, parents and children love of humanity: one's parish city region country mankind love of God:

coomand: Mk 12 30: thou shalt love the Lord thy God achievement: God's love has flooded our hearts through the Holy Spirit he has given us (Rom 5 5)

There is nothing in life or death, in the realm of spirits or superhuman powers, in the world as it is or the world **t** as it shall be, in the forces of the universe in heights or depths -- nothing in all creation that can separate us from the love of God in Christ Jesus our Lord (Rom 8 38 f)

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as the question of God is implicit in all our qustioning so the love of God is the basic fulfilment of our consc intentionality it brings deep-set joy that survigves humanliation failure privation pain betrayal desertion it brings a radical peace, the peace the world canot give it bears fruit in a love of one's enighbor that strives mightily to bring about the kingg om of God on thei earth

the absence of that fulfilment opens the way to the trivializtion of human living in the pursuit of fun the harshness of human living arising from ruthless exercise of power the despair about human welfare sprunging from the conviction that the universe is absurd

Experience of the Achievement

It is the experience of being in love in an unrestricted fashion all love is self-surrender reservations love of God is without limits or qulifications or conditions or/ with one's whole heart and whole soul and all one's mind and capacity for self-transcendence = unrestricted nessz of questions achievement of = unrestricted love

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While particular acts are the product of our knowledge and choice the state of being-in-love is not on the contrary it dismantles and abolishes the horizon of our knowing and doing prior to the coming of God's love it sets up a new horizon in which the love of God transvalues our values and the eyes of that love will transform our knowing Though not the product of our knowing and choosing it is a conscious dynamic state of love **k** joy peace that manifests itself in acts of kindness goodness fidleity gentleness and self-control (Gal 5 22) To say that that dynamic state is conscious is not to say that it is known consciousness is just expereince knowing is a compound of experiencing understanding judging Because the dynamic state is experienced without being known it is an experience of mystery Because it is being in love, the aperience is not merely attractive but fascinating, by it one is held possessed Because the love is unmeasured, it is other-worldly; it evokes awe Rudolf Otto's Mysteriumfascinans et tremendum Paul Tillich: being grasped by ultimate concern IGnatius of Loyola, Rahner, consolation with a content but without an apprehended object Conscious on the fourth level of conscious intentionality not the level of sense experience not the level of inquiry understanding formulating not the level of reflection, marshaling and wix wieghing evidence judging

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but the level of deliberation, evaluation, decision it is this level as brfo ught to fulfilment as having undergone a conversion as possessing a basis that may be broadened and deepened and heightened and enriched but not superseded

as ready to deliberate and evaluate and decide with the easy freedom of those that do all good because they are inlove stages: purgative, illuminative, unitive

the gift of God's love occupies the ground and root of the fourth and highest level of man's intentional consciousness

it takes over the apex animae

Medival theology: sanctifying grace: entitative habit received in the essence of the soul and grounding the recpetion in the potencies of the soul of the infused gifts of faith hope and charity Transition from theory (metaphysics prior to psychology) to interiority (cognitional theory prior to metaphysics) Implies transition from sanctifying grace as meataphysically categorized to sanctifying grace as a conscious but not ordinarily objectified dynamic state

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Expressimons of Religious Experience A Model, A Heuristic Structure

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Spontaneous expression is changed attitudes. the harvestof the Spirit that is love joy peacekindness goodness fidelity gentleness and self-control (Gal 5 22)

But it also is concerned with it s base and focus in the mysterium f scignans et tremendum

and the apression of this concern vairies enormously

as one moves through the various stages of memaning as individuals advance in the life of prayer and worship

In early language

expression results from insight into sensible presentations easily speaks of the spatial specific external human but the divine thought the goal of man's self-transcending

is not spatian or categorial or external or human

it is expressed by associating religious experience with its outward occasion

and such expression makes the experience something determinate and distinct for human consciousness

Suc outward occasions are called hierophanies and they are legion when each of the many is distinct and unrelated to the others there arise the gods of the moment = Augenblicksgötter

when the many are recognized as possessing a family resemblance, there arises a living polytheism represented today by the 800,000 gods of Shintoism

when distinct religious experiences are associated with a place there arises the god of the place

when they are united by the unity of a perion, there is the god of that person, of Jacob or of Laban

when the unification is social, there is the god or gods of the tribe or people

Historians of religion rarely venture to pronounce **XX** the roots of religious expericence, at least not in a manner that acconts for what is best in religion (Wilfred Cantwell Smith)

But there is at least one scholar who has claimed to find seven common features in the best expressions of such world religions as Christianity Judaism Islam Zoroastrian Mazdaism Hinduiusm Buddhism Taoism

That there is a transcendent reality that he is immanent in human hearts that he is supreme in beauty turth righteousness goodness that he is love mercy compassion that the way to him is repentance self-denial prayer that the way is love of one's neighbor, even of one's enemies that the way is love of God, so that blexiss is knowledge of God love of him, dissolution into him

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Religious Development and Expression Dialectical

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Common to note that any general statement about religon a can be refuted by acontrary instances R 19

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Reason simple: man aspires to self-transcendence but he attains it not once and for all, not as a secure possession, but only <u>in</u> an ongoing process

our advance in truth is the correction of our mistakes and errors our advance in virtue is through repentance for our sins genuine religion is discovered and realized in redemption from the many traps of religious aberration

advance in uner t nding" elimination of oversights misunderstanding

R20

Religious Belief

Among the values discerned by faith is the value of accepting the word of religion -- the judgements of fact and the judgements of value that the religion proposes

Such acceptance and belief has the same structure as that already outlined in our account of belief -- but now the value judgement has a basis in our account of faith

However personal and intimate is religious experience, it is not solitary The same gift can be given to many, and the many can recognize in one another a common orientation in their living and feeling, in their criteria and their goals. From a common communion with God there springs a community

Community invites expression and the expression may vary It may be imperative commanding the love of God above all It may be narrative, the story of the community's origins and deve lopment It may be ascetic and mystical teaching the way to total other-worldly love and warning against the pitfalls on the journey It may be theoretical, teaching the wisdom and goodness of God and manifesting his intentions and his purposes It may be a cokpound of all four or any two or three of these The compound may fuse the components into a single balanced synthesis or it may take some one as basic and use it to interpret and manifest the others It may remain unchanged for ages, and it may periodically develop and adapt to different social and cultural conditions Communities endure As new members replace old, exparession becomes traditional The religion becomes hisotorical in the general sense that it exists over time and that it provides basic components in the ongoing process of prersonal development, social organization, cultural meaning & value But there is a furtmeher and far deeper sense in which a religion may be named historical The dynamic state of being in love has the character of a response to a divine initiative The divine initiative is not just creation not just God's gift of his love There is a personal entrance of God himself into history, a communication of God to his people the advent of God's word into the world of religious expresssion Such was the eligion of Israel Such has been Christianity Then not only the inner word that is God's gift of his love but also the outer word of the religious tradition comes from God God's gift of his love is matched by his command to love without restriction The narrative of religious origins is also the narrative of God's encounter with his people

Religious effort towards authenticity

religious love of all men

become an apostolate

for "by their furuits you shall know them" (Mt 7 20)

The word of religious expression is nolt just an okbjectification of the inner gift of love

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In priviaxleged as areas it is the word of God himself

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So we come to questions that are not methodological but theological questions concerning revelation and inspiration scripture and tradition development and authority schisms and heresies To the theologians we must leave them though some thing will be said about the method of treating them in later chapters on Dialectic and Foundatons. However by distinguishing between faith and beliefs we have secured a basis both for ecumenical dialogue and indeed for an encounter between all religions with a basis in reli ious experience In the measure that experince is ga genuine it is orientated to the mystery of love and awe it has the power of unrestricteed love to uphold all that is truly good it remains the bond that unites the **regi** religious community that directs their common judgements that purifies their beliefs Beliefs do differ but behind this difference there is a deeper unity For beliefs result from judgements of value and the judgements of value relevant for religious belief proceed from faith, the eye of religiius love, an eye that can discern God's self-disclosure Some Technical Notes Where we distinguish four realms or worlds m common sense, theory, interiority, and transcendence an older tradition distinguished two priora quoad nos, first forus, common sense prioma quoad se, first in itself, theory One consequence of this has alreadybeen noted older theology treated god's gift of his love within the ar realm of theory, of the priora quoad se, and so in b sically metaphysical terms we treat primarily in the realm of interiority There are other consequences the older theology was not ignorant of interiority but it conceived it in meetaphsical terms piotencies distinguishing sensitive and intellectual, apprehensive and appetitiv 🥪 there followed complex questions on their interactions there were disputes about the priority: intellect or will practical or speculative inte Intentionality analysis distinguishes operations on four levels the lower levels are presupposed by the higher the higher sublate the lower significant change on any level calls for adaptations elsewhere and the adaptations occur earlier when they are easier later when they are more difficult Since the top level that sublates all the others is that of deliberation evaluation decision, of conscience will there follows a superordination **autxefxar**x of what an older view called but it is a superordination not of arbitrary will but of good will SIRE What once was called speculative it intellect or pure reason now becomes experiencing unde rstanding and judging in abstraction from the guidance of good will 0

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Practical intellect: e xperiencing understanding and judging as providing information on fact probability possibility to the fourth level Nihil amatum nisi praecognitum

ordinarily experiencing understanding judging precede falling in love does not expelude a divine initiative that in Ezechiel's words plucks out our hearts of stone and replaces them with hearts of flexh

On this showing

not only is the ancient problem of salvation of non Christians reduced but a basis is provided for dialogue

with non-Christians

with the anonymous Xtians that proclaim themselves atheits

The task of the apologist

it is not to bestow God's gift of his love

it is to help people integrate that gift with their lives on some points one consults friends

on lthers one seeks the counsel of a spiritual director for general information, interpretation, the dropping of mistaken judgements of fact or of value, for replacing them with more accurate judgements, one goes to the apologist

In distinguishing faith and beliefs

we have departed from an anicient and authoritative terminology RC, theology identifies faith and beliefs

what I have called faith, it would name the lumen gratiae, the lumen fidei, or infused wisdom

x the ecumenical context, I feel, justifies a departure from an accepted terminology

To hold that terminology a should never be changed is just classicism